Theme of our lesson is:

“Teenage problems.

Is it easy to be a teenager?”
Today it is fashionable to speak about teenage problems. A few years ago alcohol, fights, killings and other kind of violence were more problems for adults than young people.

But now, as official reports admit, violence, “AIDS”, drugs and alcohol are more and more associated with Youngers. For many children from poor families violence, drinking problems and all this is associated with poverty becomes more real than reality.

The Government surveys show that every fifth teenager who was arrested for criminal actions, was younger than 14 and could not be sent to prison. Almost half of teenagers have an experience with drugs, alcohol and sex under age of 16. A lot of teenagers who have drug or alcohol addiction almost never believe that they are dependent. These things are often combined with family and school problems.

What has gone wrong? Some specialists explain that the changes of our society, the system of our life force young people to choose their own lifestyle. On the one hand, our society agrees that 15-17 year old people are old enough to be responsible for what they do and give them quite a lot of freedom and rights. On the hand, most adults think that teenagers are too young to be taken seriously. This misunderstanding produces many problems. Actually, a lot of teenagers say that their parents let them do anything they want and are quite indifferent to their problems. Many teenagers get upset or depressed when they can`t solve their problems. As a result, it makes them believe that there is only way out – to stop living and commit suicide.

No doubt, the teen`s problems will increase. And young people should feel that they are cared for.
Find from the text:
1) The Present Simple Tense
2) The Past Simple Tense
3) The Present Perfect Tense
4) Future Simple Tense
5) Future in the Past
6) Passive Voice
7) Modal verbs
8) Infinitive
9) Gerung
The Present Simple Tense – $V_1$ (He/she $V_s$)
  Do / does

The Past Simple Tense – $V_2$ $V_\text{ed}$
  Did

The Present Perfect Tense – have (he/she has) + $V_3$

Future Simple Tense – Shall / will + $V$

Future in the Past – Should / would +$V$

Passive Voice – To be + $V_3$

Present Simple Passive - to be (am/is/ are ) + $V_3$   ex. I am invited to the party

Past Simple Passive – To be (was/were) + $V_3$     ex. I was invited to the party

Future Simple Passive – to be (shall/ will be) + $V_3$ ex. I shall be invited to the party

Present Perfect Passive – to be (have/has been ) + $V_3$
  ex. I have been already invited to the party

Past Perfect – to be (had been ) + $V_3$   ex. I had been invited to the party

Present Continuous – to be (am, is, are + being) + $V_3$   ex. I am being invited to the party

Past Continuous – to be (was/were + being) + $V_3$   ex. I was being invited to the party

Infinitive – to $V$ ex. to read, to sleep       I like to sleep

Gerung - $V_\text{ing}$     ex read +ing, sleeping, runnig       My hobby is reading.

Modal verbs – can, could, will be able to, must, have to, had to, may, might …
Teenage problems are: